

# High efficiency spectrum splitting prototype submodule using commercial CPV cells

Mark Keevers, Jonathan Lau, Martin Green (UNSW)

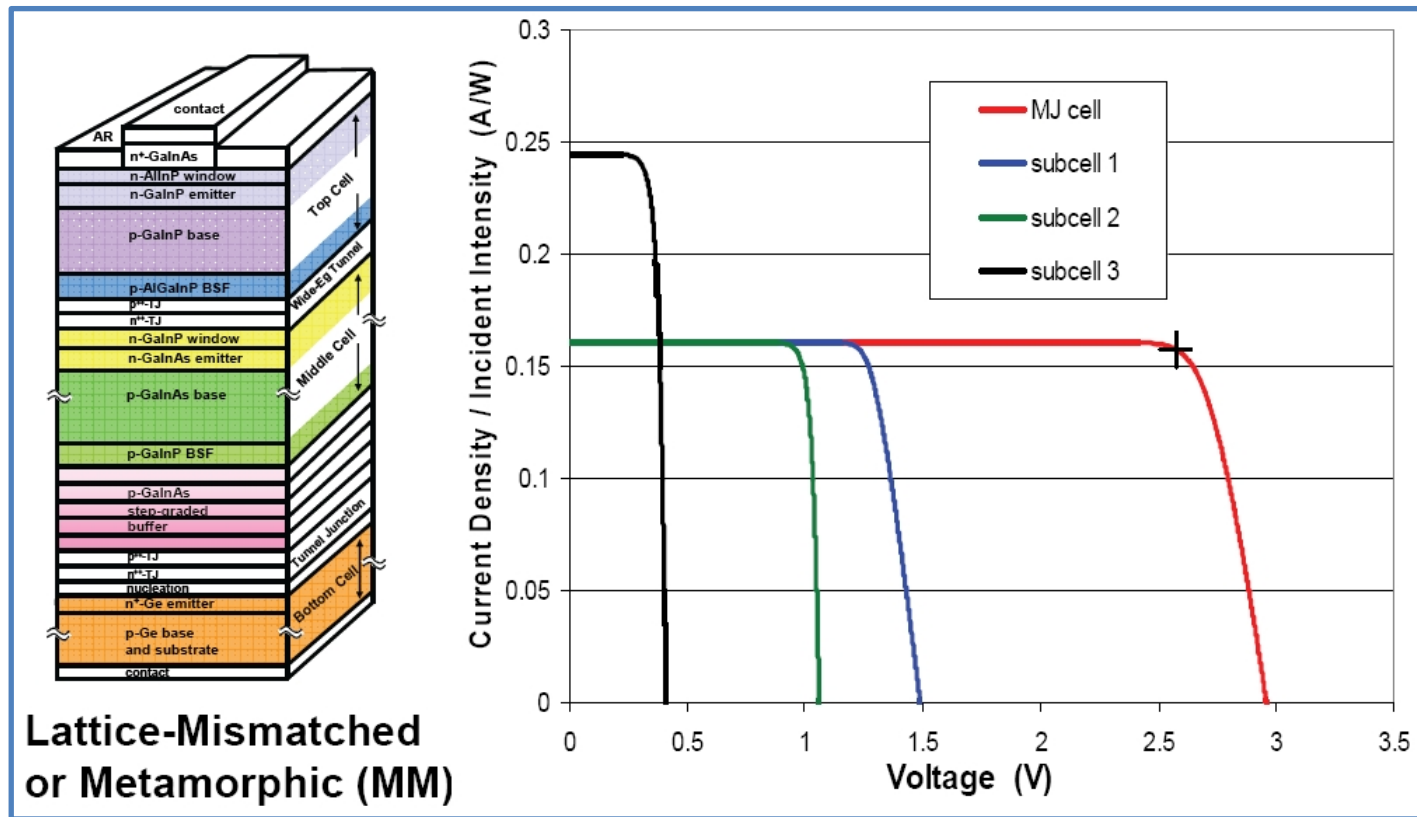
Ian Thomas, John Lasich (RayGen Resources Pty Ltd)

Richard King (Spectrolab Inc.)

Keith Emery (NREL)

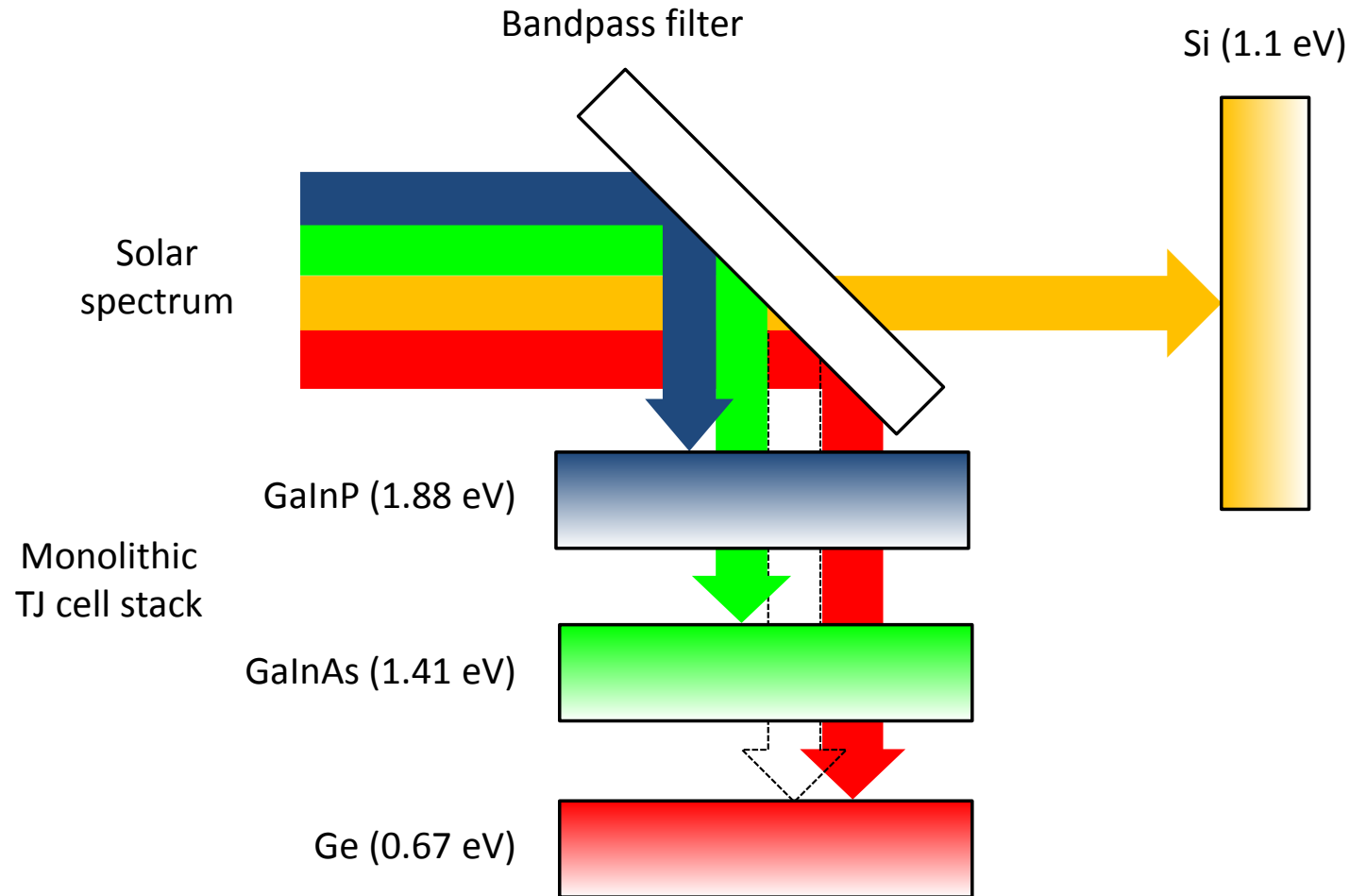
# Motivation 1: Record Spectrolab cell

- Excess Ge subcell response
- Divert selected wavelength band to Si cell
  - Lateral spectrum splitting  $\rightarrow$  Eff  $\uparrow$ , heat load  $\downarrow$



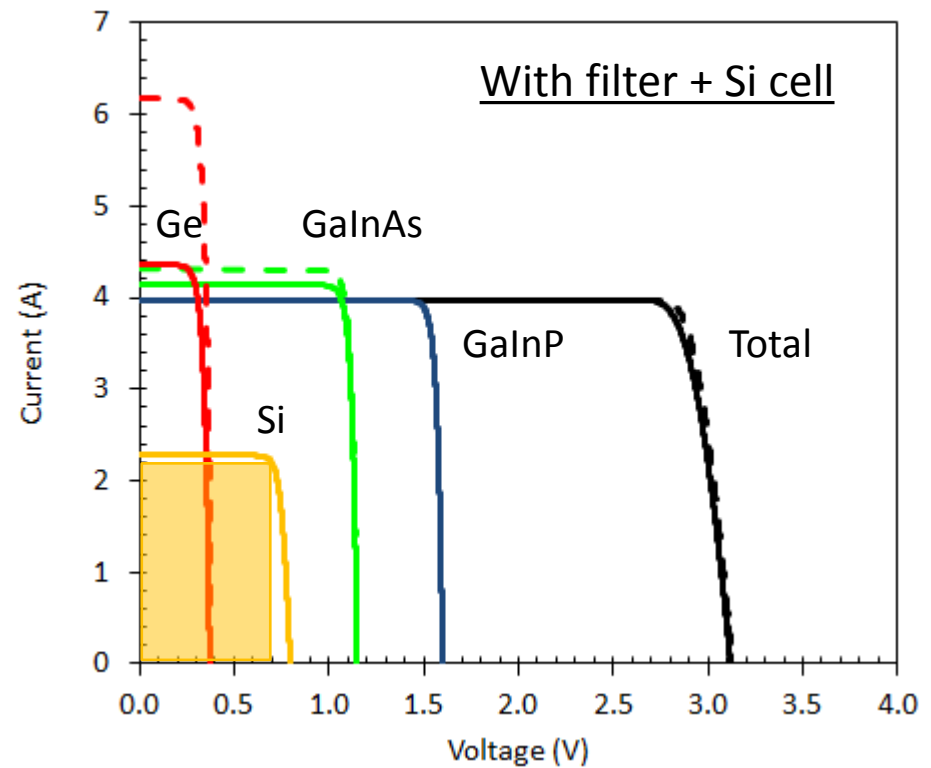
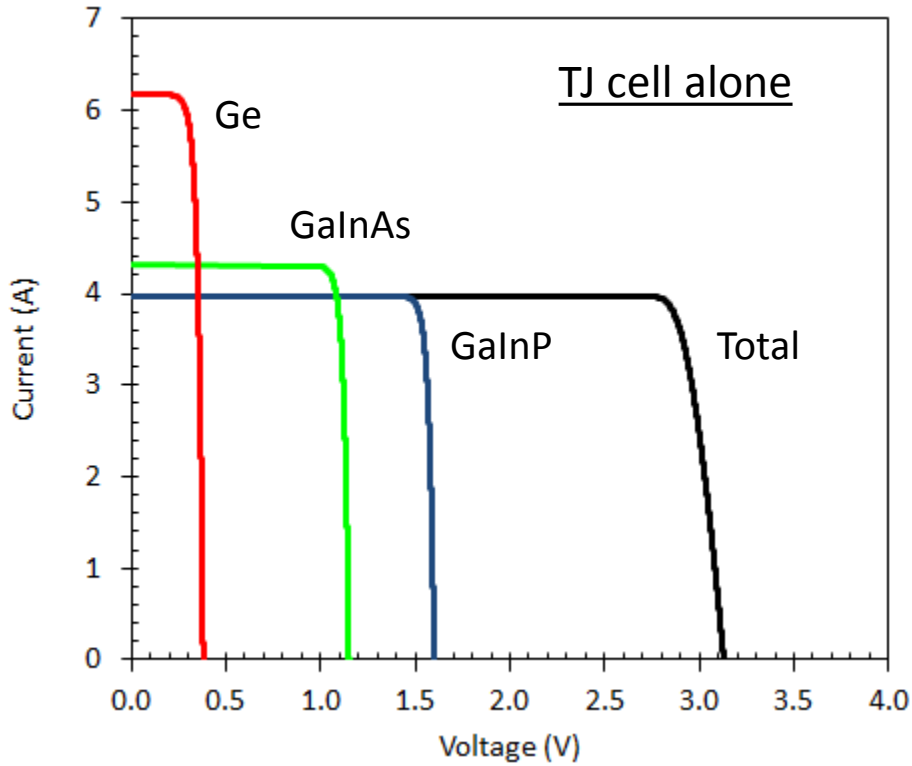
King et al, EUPVSEC-24 (2009)

# Spectrum splitting: Concept



Colours are indicative only

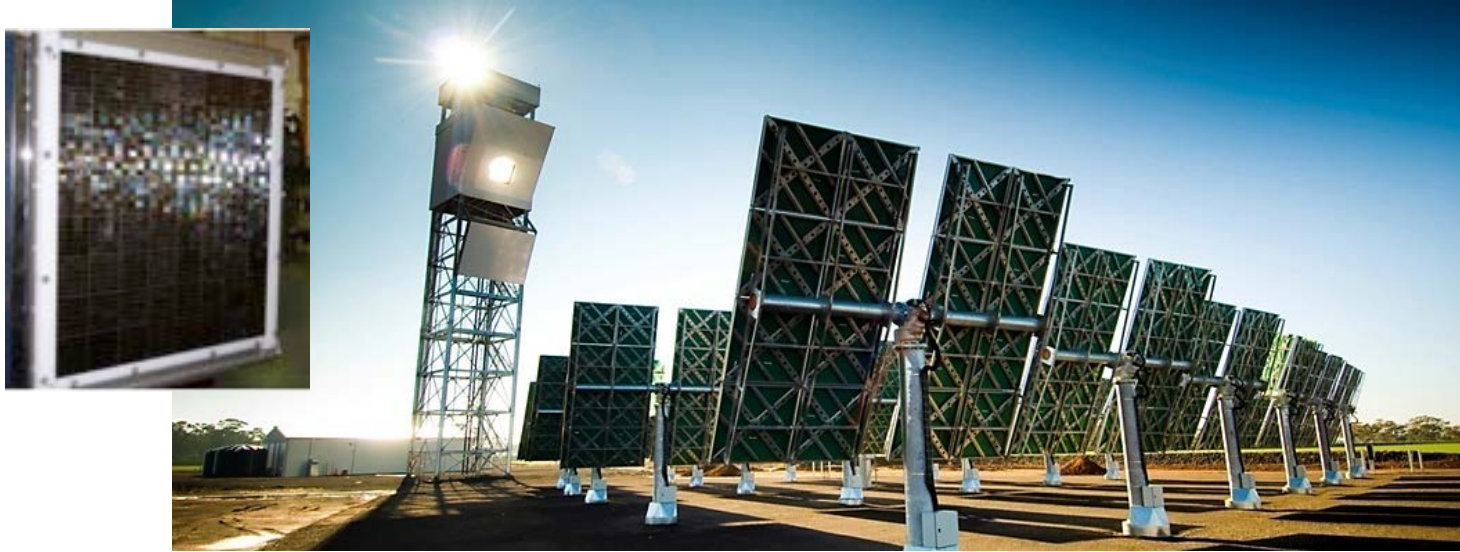
# Spectrum splitting: LIV



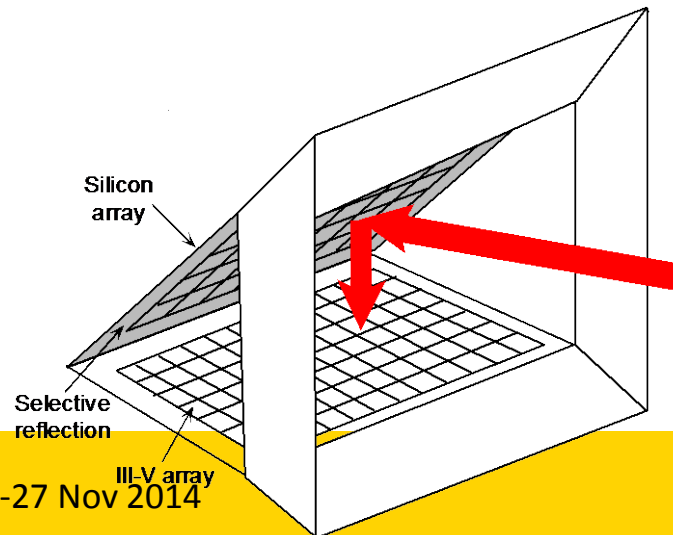
# Motivation 2: CPV power tower



- World first demonstration of a heliostat CPV plant in 2008 (140 kWp)



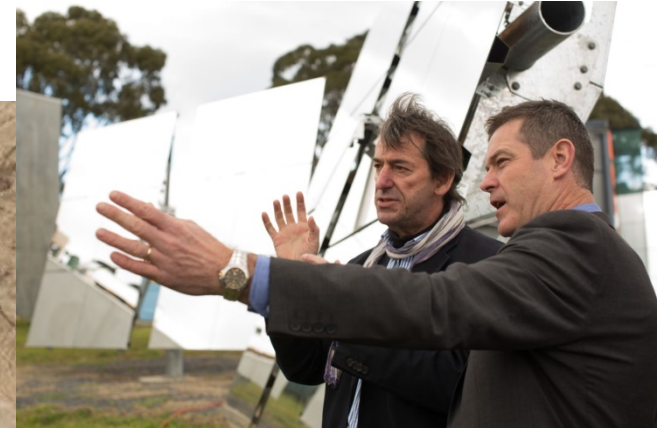
- Replace conventional receiver with spectrum splitting receiver



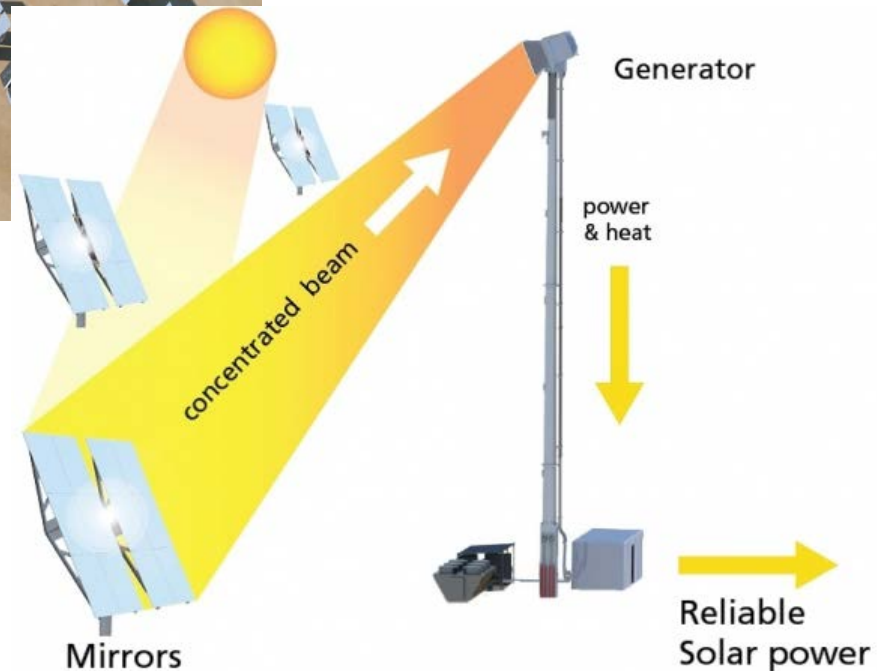
# CSPV power tower: RayGen



- Combines CPV with CST + storage



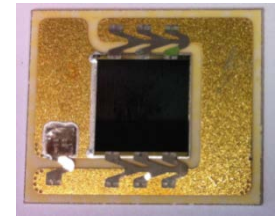
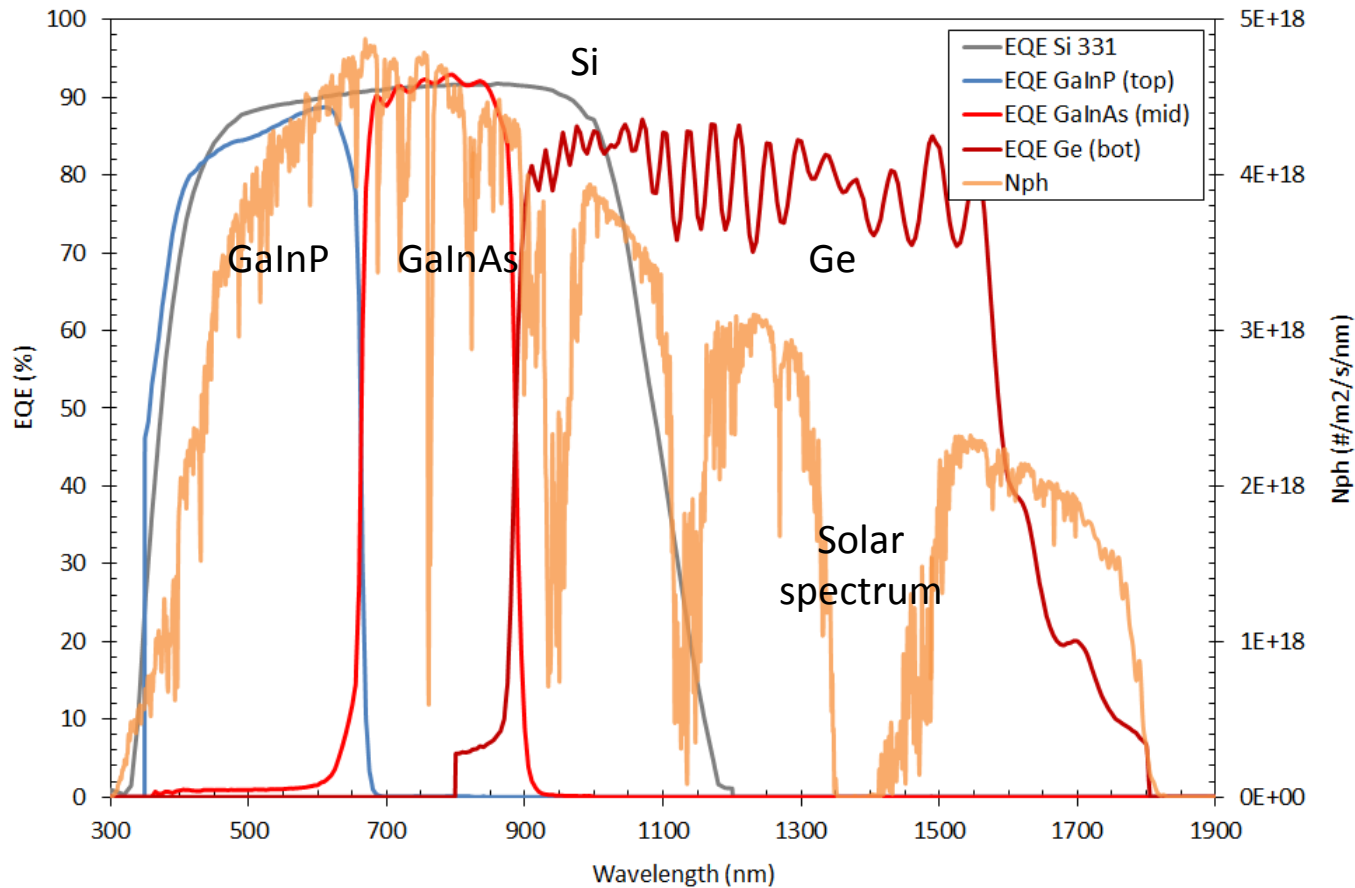
- First site deployment 0.2 MW (Newbridge)
  - 64 heliostats, 200 kW receiver, 1 inverter
- A\$60M investment + distribution agreement with China Intense Solar
  - 0.2 MW pilot, 1.0 MW demonstration, 10 MW commercial scale by Aug 2016



Images © 2014 RayGen Resources Pty Ltd ([www.raygen.com](http://www.raygen.com))

# Spectrum splitting prototype: Cells

- Target highest performance, using commercial (1 cm<sup>2</sup>) TJ and Si CPV cells
- 4-terminal electrical connection



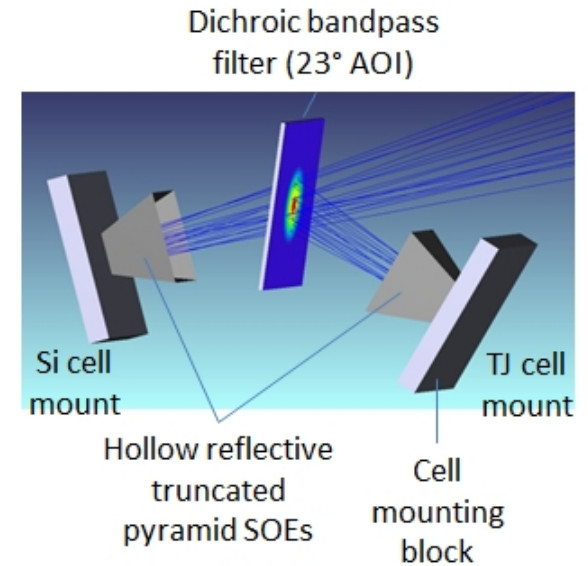
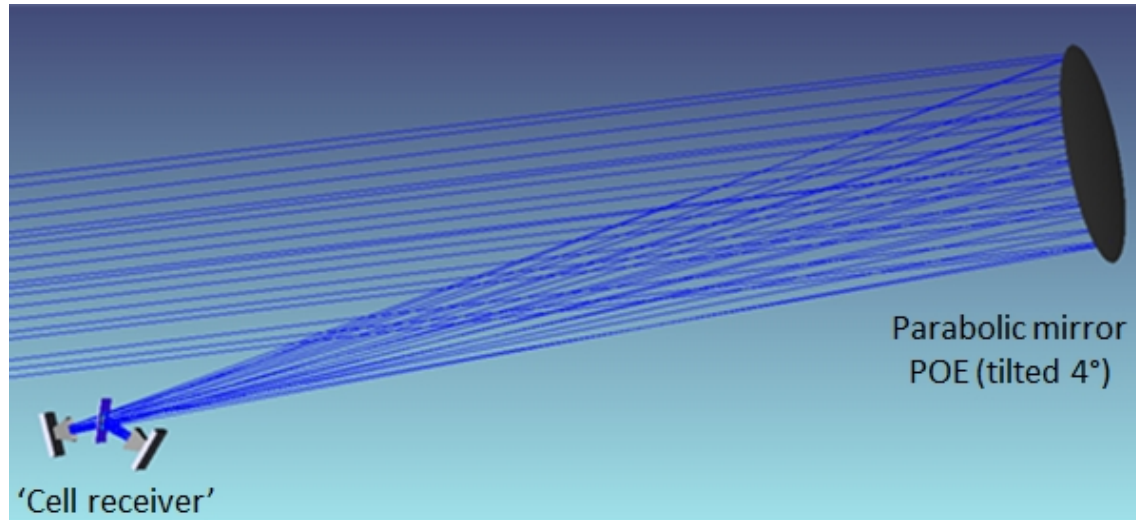
Spectrolab C3MJ+ TJ cell  
(38.5% @ 500x)



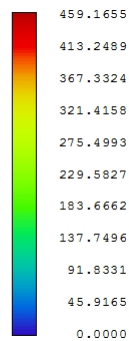
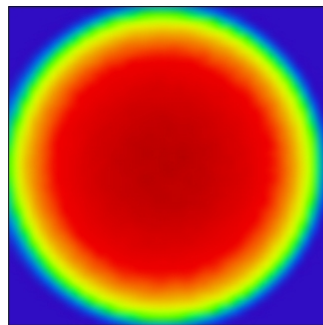
SunPower back-contact Si cell  
(26% @ 200x)

# Optical design

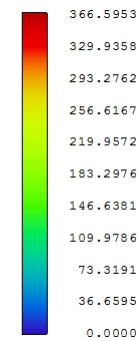
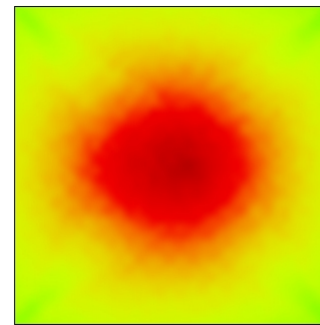
- Zemax 3D ray tracing
  - Maximise optical Eff (96.8% for full capture), acceptable non-uniformity



FP (1000 mm)



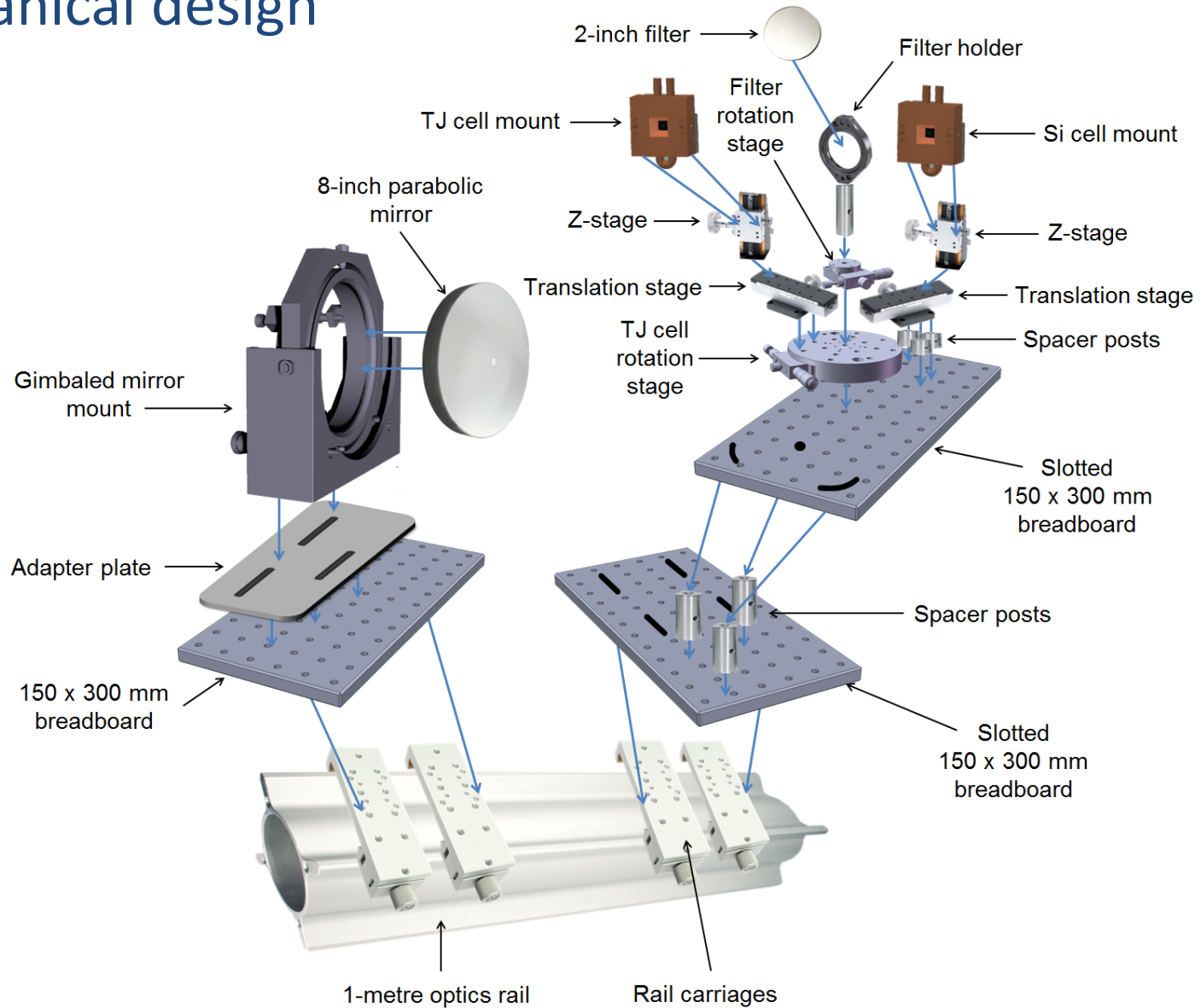
FP + 56 mm



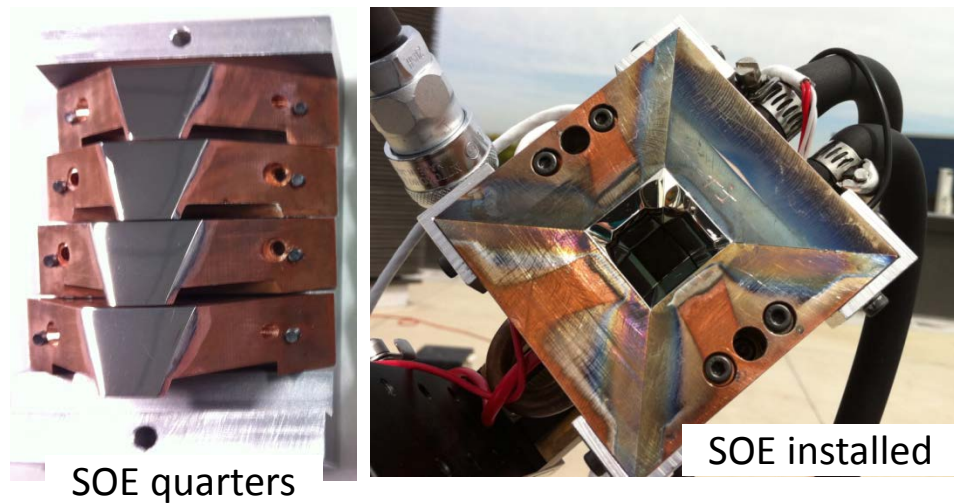
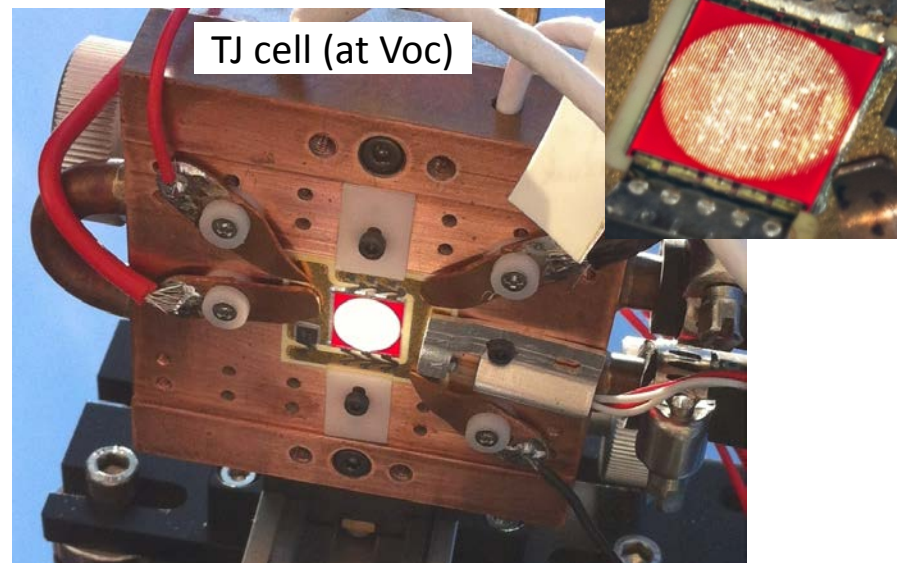
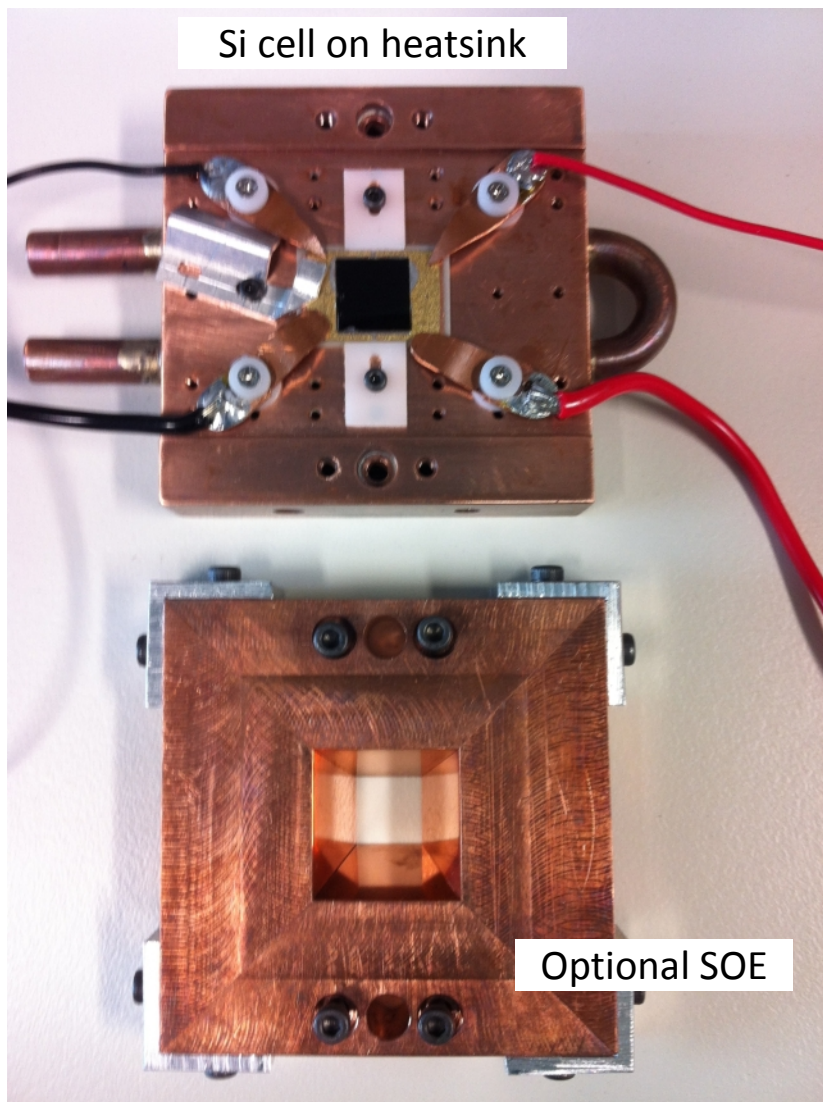
Irradiance at TJ cell



# Mechanical design

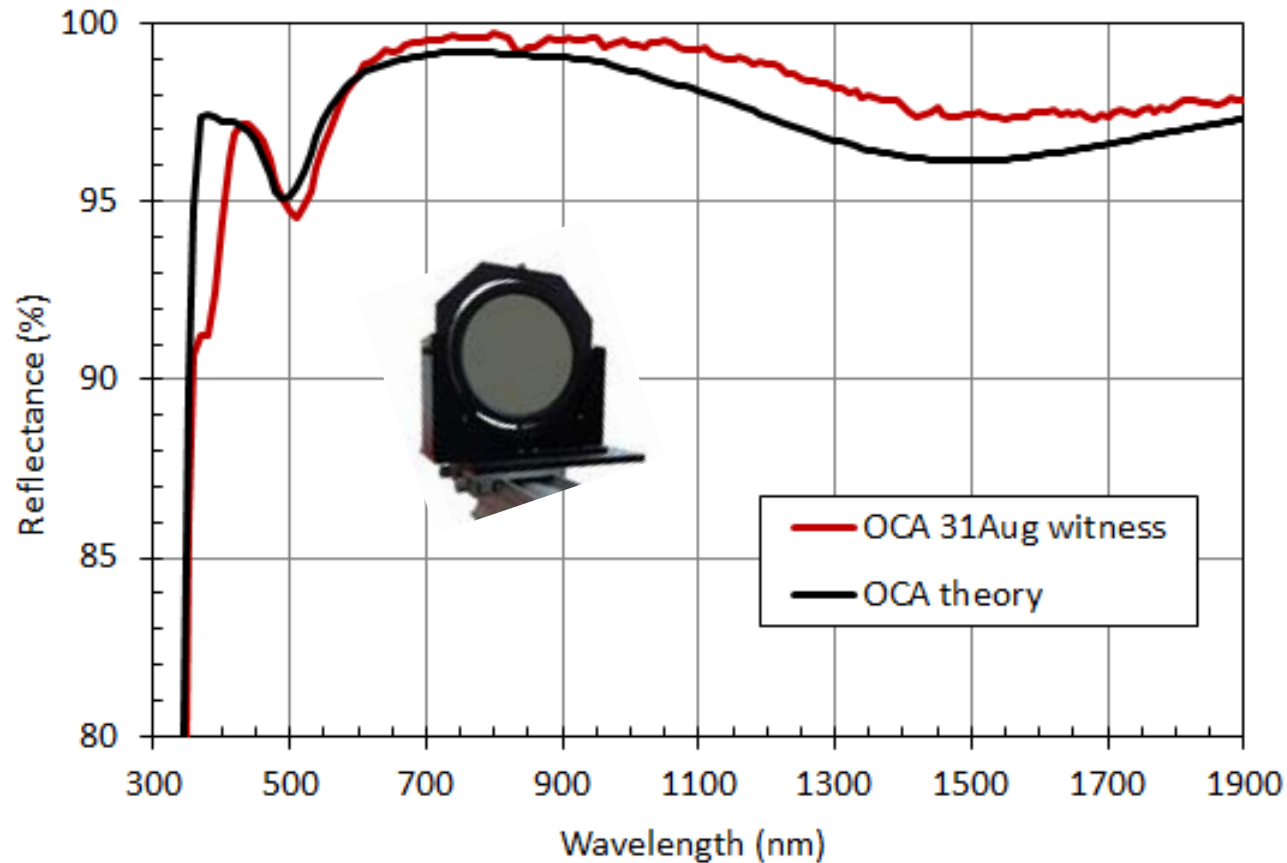


# Heatsink + optional SOE (secondary optical element)

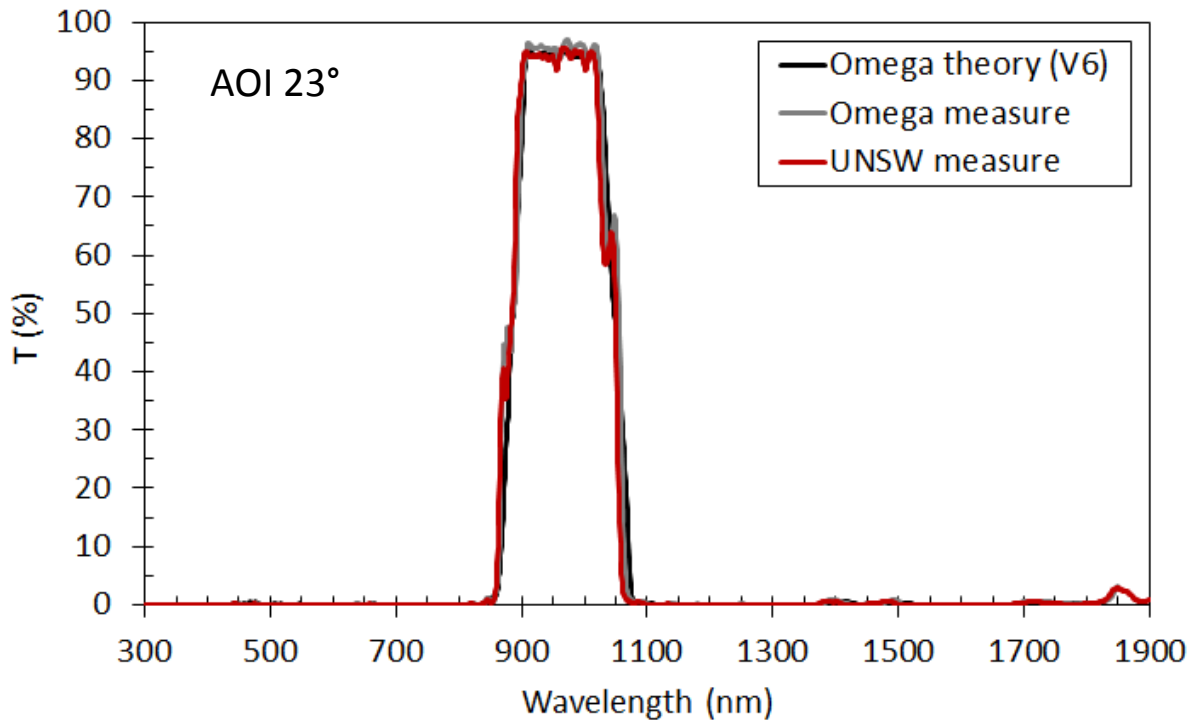


# Concentrating mirror

- 8-inch diameter parabolic mirror (f = 1000 mm, aperture area )
- 'Enhanced silver' coating by Optical Coating Associates Pty Ltd
  - Ag + 2-layer dielectric (Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>/Ta<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>)

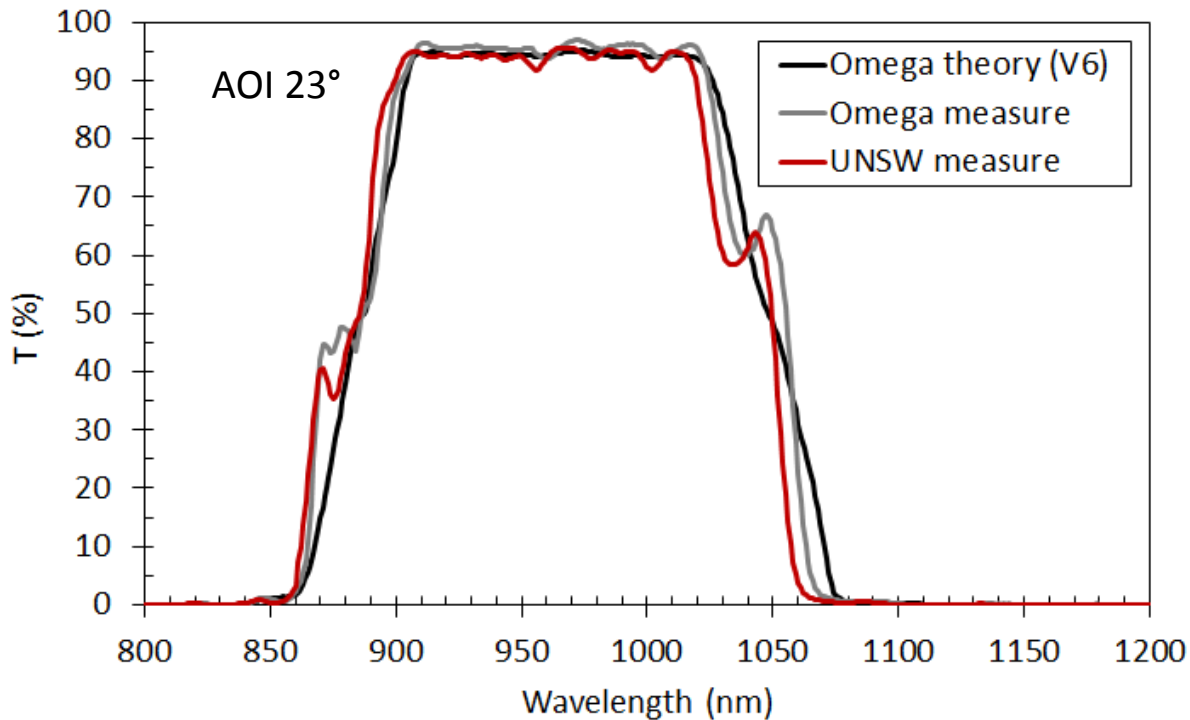


# Bandpass filter



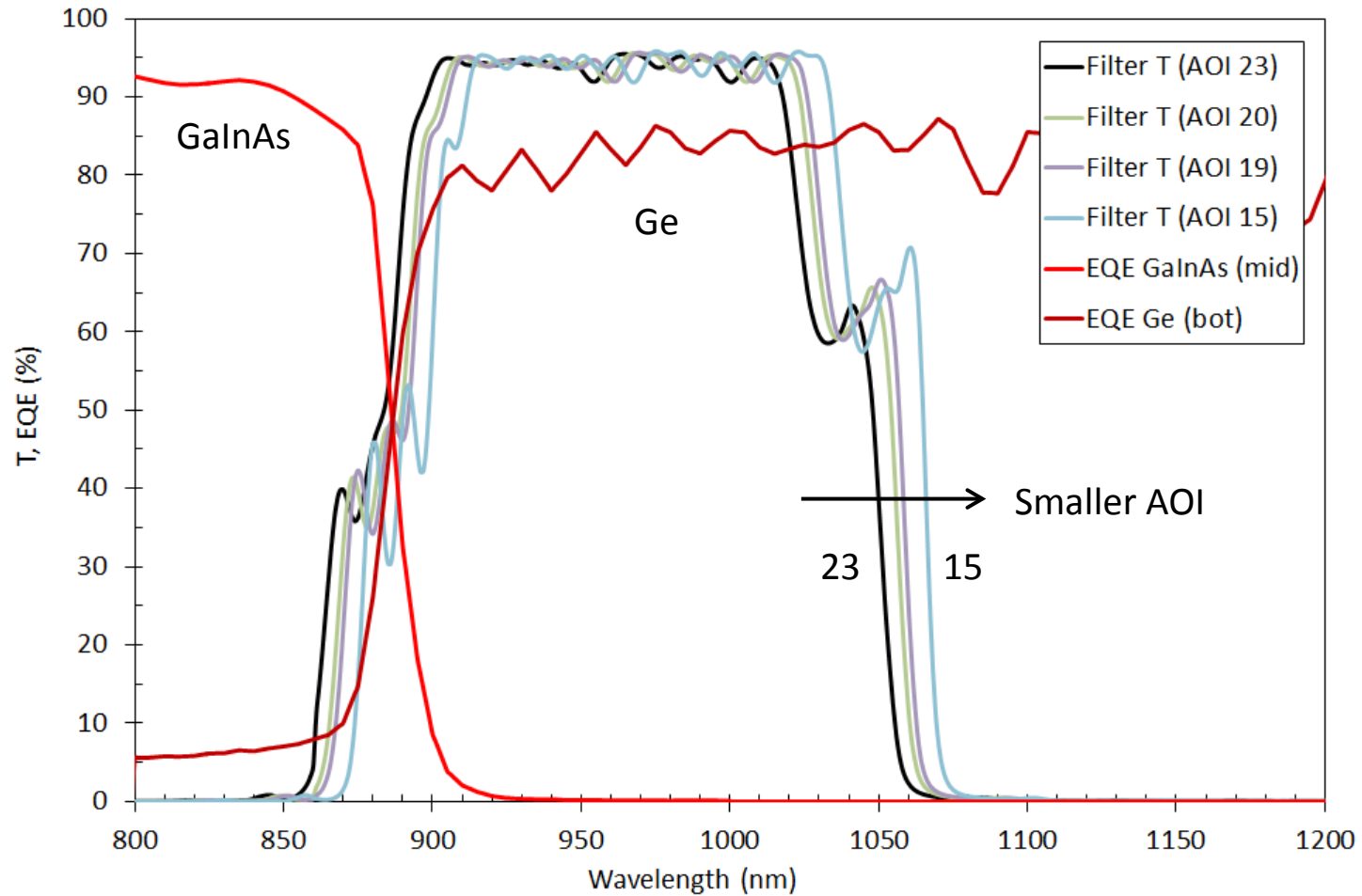
- Adjust filter cut-on & cut-off to match TJ subcell currents (+ margin)
  - Input = AM1.5D spectrum, optics (mirror R, filter T & R), cell EQEs, simple LIV model
- Custom filter by Omega Optical
  - AOI 23°, HCA 6°
  - Design iterations, refine specs
  - Dielectric stack: 158 layers of  $\text{Nb}_2\text{O}_5$  and  $\text{SiO}_2$  (total 20  $\mu\text{m}$ )
  - Front surface 'mirror' on UV-grade silica (non absorbing)

# Bandpass filter: Close-up

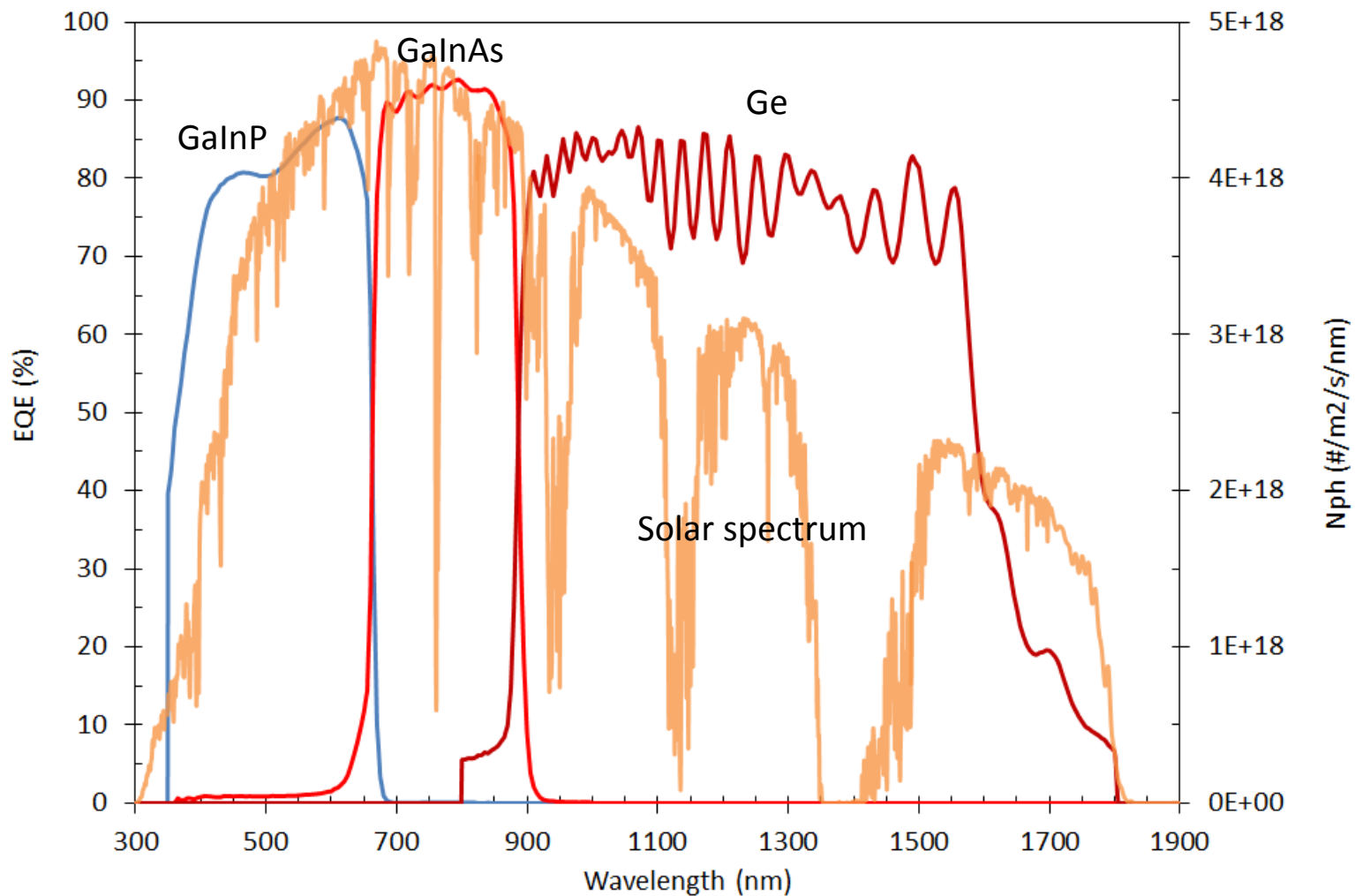


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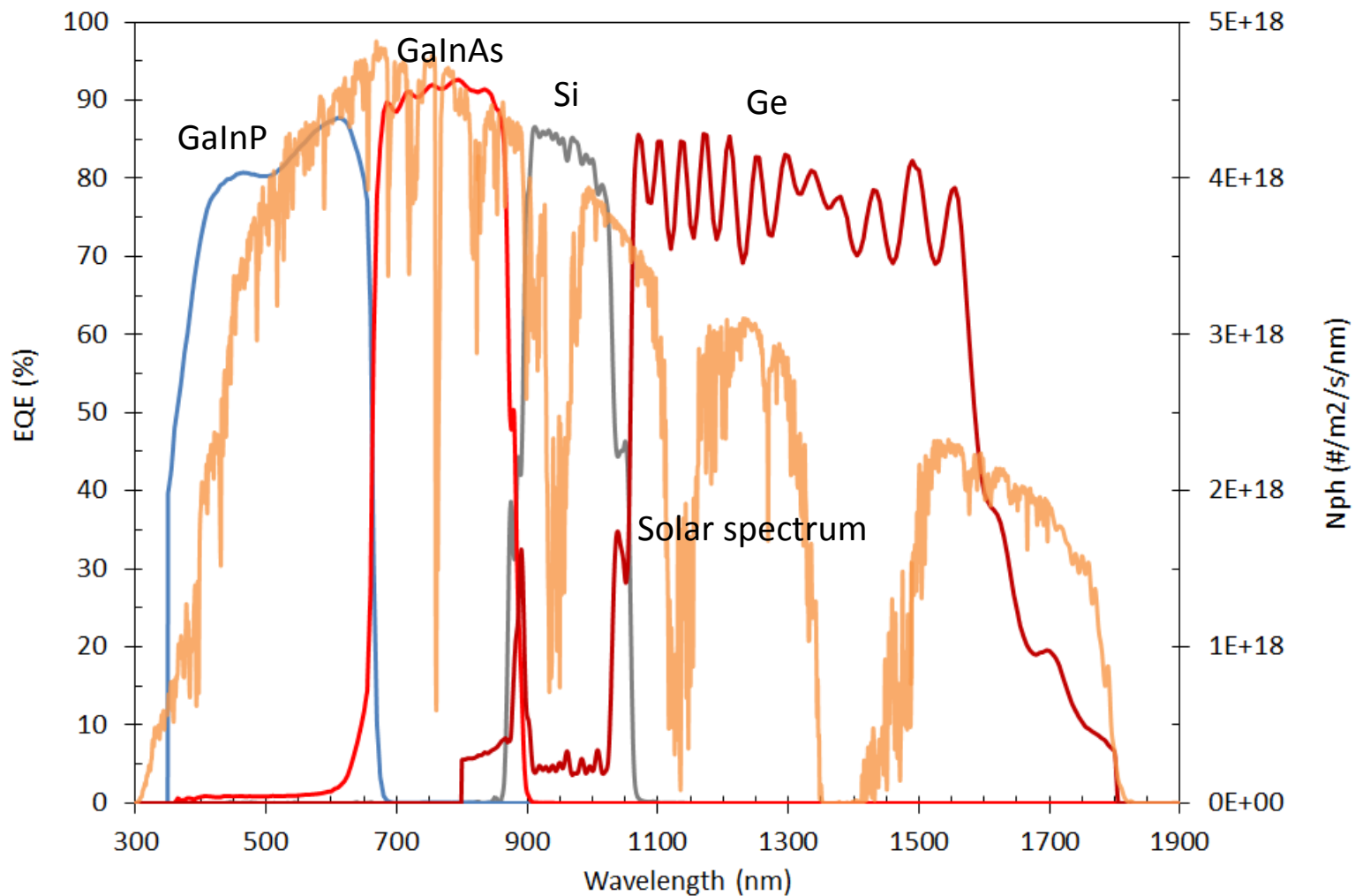
# Bandpass filter: Tunability



# Weighted EQEs: TJ cell alone

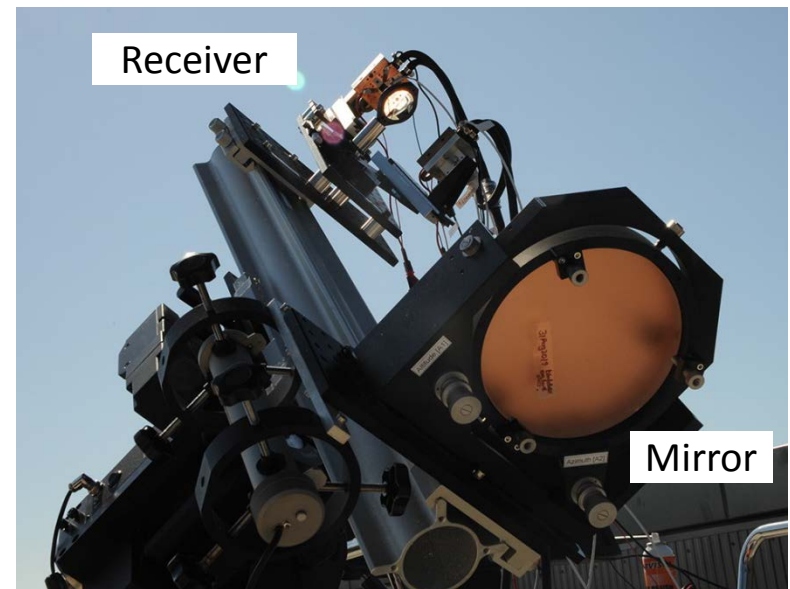
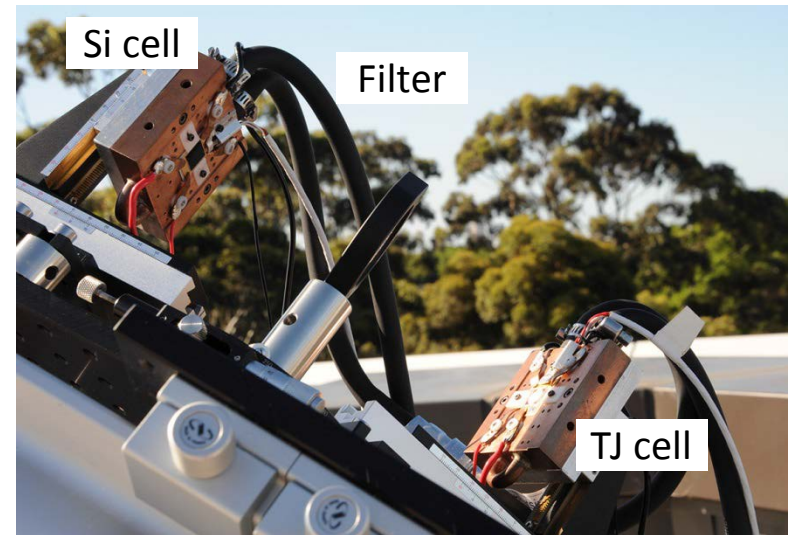
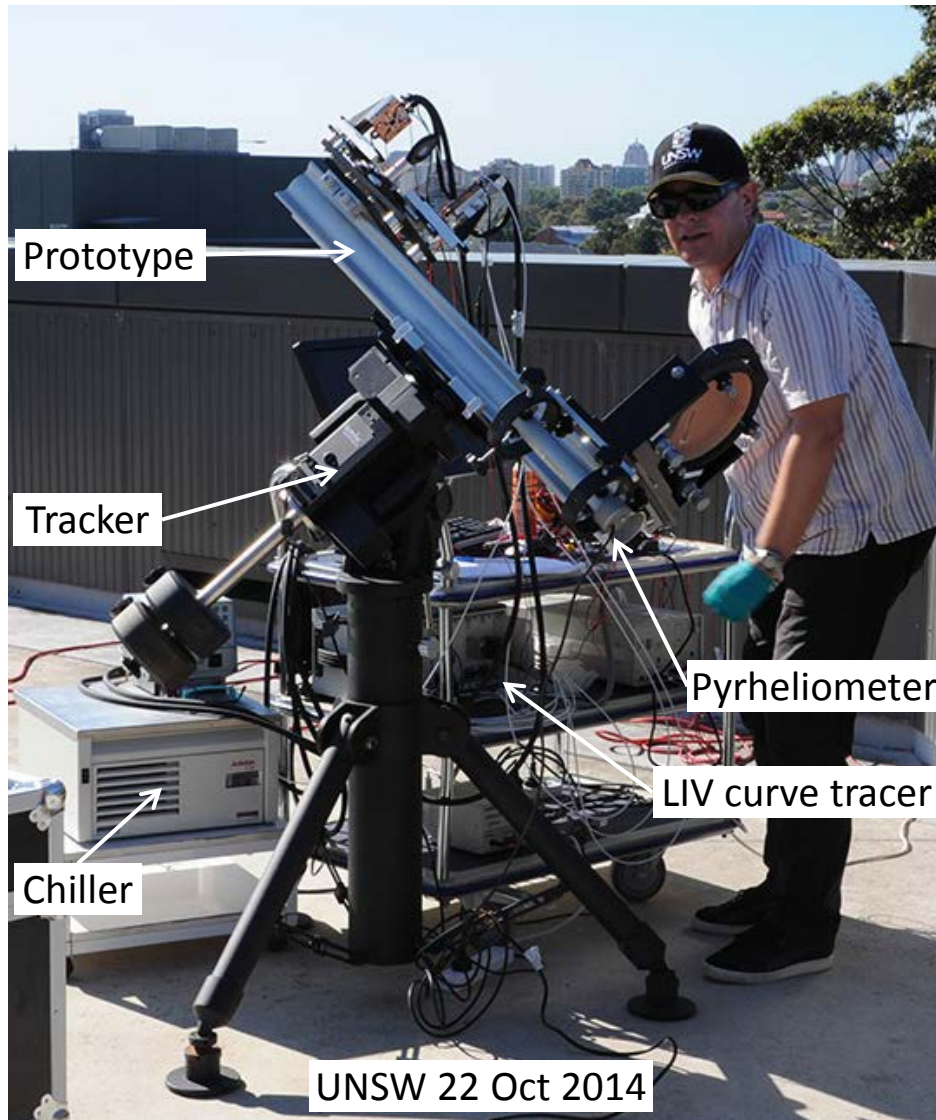


# Weighted EQEs: With spectrum splitting



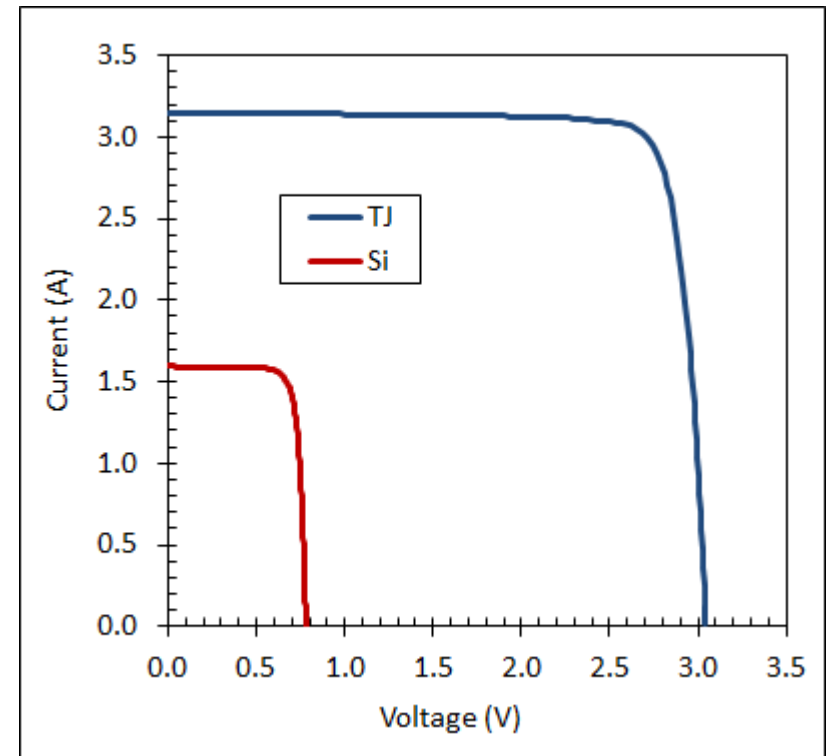


# Outdoor testing at UNSW



# UNSW: Highest efficiency

| Cell   | Split: TJ        | Split: Si        |              |
|--|------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Timestamp                                    | 22/10/2014 17:02 | 22/10/2014 17:03 |              |
| DNI ( $\text{W}/\text{m}^2$ )                | 795              | 798              |              |
| $P_{\text{in}}$ (W)                          | 22.8             | 22.9             |              |
| $T_{\text{ambient}}$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )  | 21.8             | 21.9             |              |
| $T_{\text{heatsink}}$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) | 22.0             | NA               |              |
| $T_{\text{CCA}}$ ( $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )      | 23.5             | 21.7             |              |
| $V_{\text{oc}}$ (V)                          | 3.04             | 0.78             |              |
| $I_{\text{sc}}$ (A)                          | 3.14             | 1.59             |              |
| $V_{\text{mpp}}$ (V)                         | 2.71             | 0.67             |              |
| $I_{\text{mpp}}$ (A)                         | 2.99             | 1.50             |              |
| FF (%)                                       | 85.0             | 81.1             | Split: Total |
| $P_{\text{mpp}}$ (W)                         | 8.1              | 1.0              | 9.1          |
| Efficiency (%)                               | 35.7             | 4.4              | 40.1         |



TJ cell W1-7, Si cell 333, filter AOI 21°, air mass 2.3

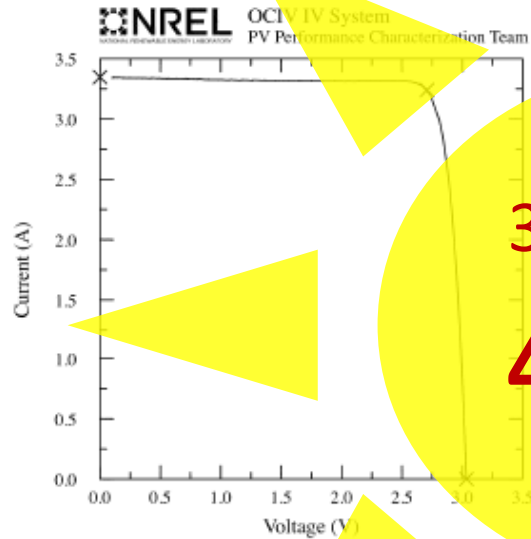
# Independent confirmation



**UNSW**  
**GaInP/GaAs/Ge**

Device ID: TJ W1-7  
Nov 06, 2014 08:34:30 MST  
Testbed Air Temp = 9.3°C

Device Area = 287.0 cm<sup>2</sup>  
Direct Normal = 883.7 W/m<sup>2</sup>  
Device Temperature = 20.8°C + 26°C gradient



$V_{oc} = 3.034$  V  
 $I_{sc} = 3.347$  A  
Fill Factor = 86.4 %  
Efficiency = 34.6 ± 1.8 %

Efficiency @ 25 °C = 35.7 ± 1.8 %

Direct Normal for efficiency based upon absolute Cavity radiometer  
RMIS Air Temperature = 9.9°C, Pressure corrected Air Mass = 2.52  
RMIS Direct Normal = 881.0 W/m<sup>2</sup>

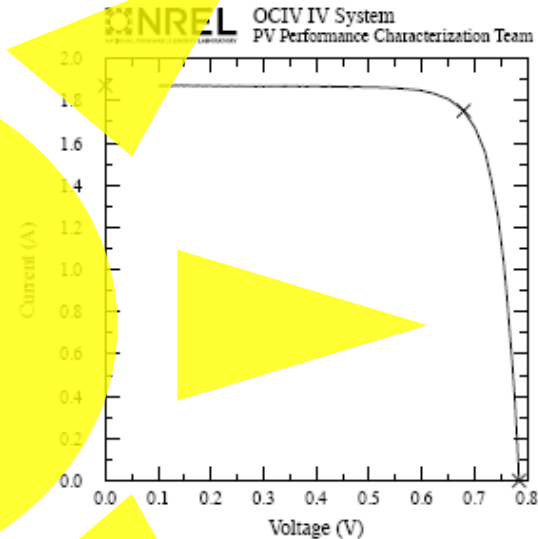
$V_{max} = 2.708$  V  
 $I_{max} = 3.240$  A  
 $P_{max} = 8.773$  W

35.7 + 4.7 =  
**40.4%**

**UNSW**  
**Si**

Device ID: Si 331  
Nov 06, 2014 08:34:16 MST  
Device Temperature = 17.3°C  
Testbed Air Temp = 9.3°C

Device Area = 287.0 cm<sup>2</sup>  
Direct Normal = 883.7 W/m<sup>2</sup>



$V_{oc} = 0.7848$  V  
 $I_{sc} = 1.872$  A  
Fill Factor = 81.0%  
Efficiency = 4.70 ± 0.24%

$V_{max} = 0.6797$  V  
 $I_{max} = 1.752$  A  
 $P_{max} = 1.191$  W

Direct Normal for efficiency based upon absolute Cavity radiometer  
RMIS Air Temperature = 9.9°C, Pressure corrected Air Mass = 2.53  
RMIS Direct Normal = 881.0 W/m<sup>2</sup>

# Conclusion

- Spectrum splitting prototype submodule, using a custom bandpass filter and commercial CPV cells, has achieved an independently confirmed efficiency of 40.4%.
- Proof-of-concept that this approach improves efficiency.
- Possible application to CPV power towers.

# Acknowledgements

ARENA



Australian Government  
Australian Renewable  
Energy Agency



- Australian Government: ARENA, AUSIAPV, ACAP
- UNSW: Subash Puthanveetil, Alan Yee, Nathan Tam, Jessica Yajie Jiang, Hamid Mehrvarz, Bernhard Vogl, Nick Shaw, Richard Corkish, other SPREE colleagues
- Spectrolab: Nasser Karam
- Si cells: Giorgio Graditi (ENEA), Mauro Pravettoni (SUPSI), Pierre Verlinden (Trina Solar)
- Omega Optical: Kirk Winchester; Optical Coating Associates: David Baker
- NREL: Larry Ottoson, Greg Wilson